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ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GR--ETC F/G 6/6
TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT--ETC(U)
JUL 77 M H WEEKS, B J DESENA
USAEHA-51-0811-77
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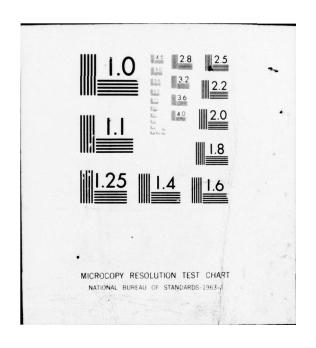






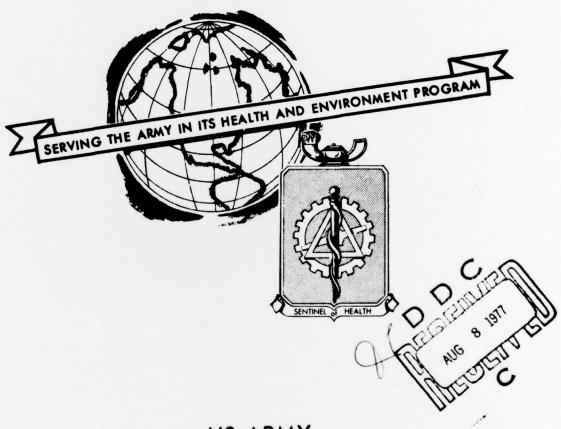
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TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT AI3-36420
1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDRO-2-(1-OXOOCTYL) ISOQUINOLINE STUDY NO. 51-0811-77 OCTOBER 1975 - JULY 1977

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US ARMY
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AD No.

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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM		
1. REPORT NUMBER 2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. 51-0811-77	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER		
A. TITLE (and Subtitle) Topical Hazard Evaluation Program of Candidate Insect Repellent AI3-36420. Study No. 51-0811-77	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Final, Oct 75 - Jul 77		
1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-(1-0xoocty1) 14) USAEHA	5. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER 51-0811-77 6. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(*)		
MAURICE H. WEEKS BRENDA J. DeSENA	12 8p.		
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK		
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Commander	Oct 75 - Jul 77		
US Army Health Services Command Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234	13. NUMBER OF PAGES		
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)		
	Unclassified		
	15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE		
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited			
Time of the abstract entered in Block 20, If different from	77		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES			
1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-(1-oxooctyl) isoquinoline Topical Hazard Evaluation Program candidate repellent skin irritation			
30. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side it recessary and identity by block number) RI3-36420 was evaluated on New Zealand White rabbits skin and eye irritation. The data obtained serves recommendation concerning its potential use on human intended only for guidance in further entomological No further testing is planned for AI3-36420 because	as a basis for making a		

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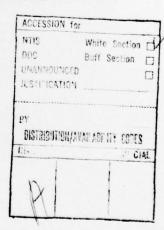
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OCTOBER 1975 - JULY 1977

ABSTRACT

AI3-36420 was evaluated on New Zealand White rabbits for its potential to cause skin and eye irritation. The data obtained serves as a basis for making a recommendation concerning its potential use on humans. This recommendation is intended only for guidance in further entomological testing of this compound. No further testing is planned for AI3-36420 because of the irritation produced.

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TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT AI3-36420
1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDRO-2-(1-OXOOCTYL) ISOQUINOLINE STUDY NO. 51-0811-77
OCTOBER 1975 - JULY 1977

1. AUTHORITY.

- a. Letter, US Department of Agriculture Agricultural Research Service, Southern Region, Insects Affecting Man Research Laboratory, Gainesville, Florida, 17 October 1975.
- b. Memorandum of Understanding between the US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency; US Army Health Services Command; the US Department of the Army, Office fo The Surgeon General; the Armed Forces Pest Control Board; and the US Department of Agriculture, effective December 1970 with Amendment No. 1, effective August 1974.
- 2. REFERENCE. Toxicology Division Procedural Guide, USAEHA, 1972.
- 3. PURPOSE. The purpose of this program is to provide guidance for further entomological testing of the candidate insect repellent AI3- 36420.
- 4. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS. A hazard evaluation of the candidate repellent, AI3-36420 (1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-(1-oxooctyl) isoquinoline) was conducted by this Agency using New Zealand White rabbits for skin and eye studies. A tabular presentation of animal toxicity data developed in this Agency follows:*

The experiments reported herein were performed in animal facilities fully accredited by the American Association for the Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care.

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^{*} In conducting the studies described in this report, the investigators adhered to the "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals", US Department of Health, Education and Welfare Publication No. (NIH) 74-23, revised 1972 - second printing 1974.

Study No.	AI3 No.*	Physical State of Chemical Compound	<u>Categ</u> Skin	ories Eye	Chemical Cmpd Name
51-0811-77	36420	clear, colorless liquid	III	С	1,2,3,4-tetra= hydro-2-(1- oxooctyl) isoquinoline

^{*} US Department of Agriculture Identification Number.

5. RECOMMENDATIONS. Recommendations pertaining to the compound studied can be found in the Appendix by referring to its topical hazard evaluation program categories. No further preliminary toxicity testing is planned for AI3-36420 because of the moderate corneal and conjunctival injury. Compound AI3-36420 also is disapproved due to the moderate skin irritation it caused. If this compound shows pest repellent properties that are a significant improvement over currently available compounds, it is requested that this compound or its modified formulations be submitted for further toxicological evaluation at its proposed use formulation and/or concentration.

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Study No. 51-0811-77, Oct 75 - Jul 77

APPENDIX

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM DEFINITIONS OF CATEGORIES OF COMPOUNDS BEING CONSIDERED FOR ACUTE SKIN APPLICATION

<u>CATEGORY I</u> - Compounds producing no primary irritation of the intact skin or no greater than mild primary irritation of the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: No restriction for acute application to the human skin.)

<u>CATEGORY II</u> - Compounds producing mild primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should be used only on human skin found by examination to have no abrasions or may be used as a clothing impregnant.)

<u>CATEGORY III</u> - Compounds producing moderate primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should not be used directly on the skin without a prophetic patch test having been conducted on humans to determine irritation potential to human skin. May be used without patch testing, with extreme caution, as clothing impregnants. Compound should be resubmitted in the form and at the intended use concentration so that its irritation potential can be reexamined using other test techniques on animals.

CATEGORY IV - Compounds producing moderate to severe primary irritation of the intact skin and of the skin surrounding an abrasion and, in addition, producing necrosis, vesiculation and/or eschars. (INTERPRETATION: Should be resubmitted for testing in the form and at the intended use concentration. Upon resubmission, its irritation potential will be reexamined using other test techniques on animals. prior to possible prophetic patch testing in humans, at concentrations which have been shown not to produce primary irritation in animals.)

<u>CATEGORY V</u> - Compounds impossible to classify because of staining of the skin or other masking effects owing to physical properties of the compound. (INTERPRETATION: Not suitable for use on humans.)

EYE CATEGORIES:

- A. <u>Compounds noninjurious to the eye</u>. INTERPRETATION: Irritation of human eyes is not expected if the compound should accidentally get into the eyes, provided it is washed out as soon as possible.
- B. Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes.
- C. Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea, and in addition some injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes and mucosa.

- D. Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes.
- E. Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea, and in addition producing some injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes and mucosa.
- F. Compounds producing severe injury to the cornea and to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution. It is recommended that use be restricted to areas other than the face.

